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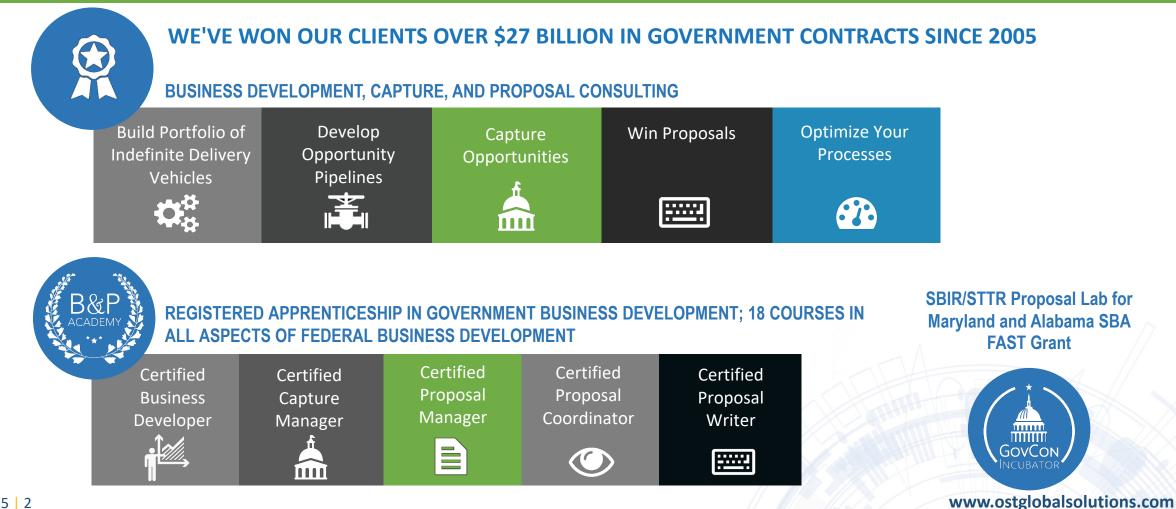
Preparing for GSA Changes & Rightsizing MAS Webinar

22 April 2025

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About OST





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- 2. Updates from GSA Refresh 26
- 3. Deregulation Recommendations Initiative
- 4. Prepare for the Future
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GSA & MAS Expansion

The Future of GSA & the MAS Program – A Bold New Mandate



- On March 20, 2025, an Executive Order directed all federal agencies to shift purchasing of common goods and services to GSA.
- GSA will serve as the central authority for standardized federal procurement.
- OPM, Education, SBA & HUD have started this process, 11 more to follow.
- Develop a government-wide procurement strategy.
- Oversee all government IT contract vehicles, rationalizing the use of GWACs.





- GSA and the FAR Council tasked with the first major rewrite of the FAR in over 40 years.
- Agencies must justify non-commercial purchases.
- This is the most comprehensive acquisition reform since FASA/FARA in the 1990s. These directives aim to reduce waste, increase competition, and simplify procurement—but bring risks of disruption.

IT Contracting Authority



- GSA is now executive agent for all federal IT procurement.
- Will oversee GWAC use and eliminate duplicative IT vehicles.
- Agencies must seek GSA approval to buy non-commercial or agencyunique systems.
- This marks a huge shift for CIO-SP4, SEWP VI, and other agency-led contracts. Expect realignment, fewer GWACs, and a bias toward commercial IT solutions.

Risks for Agencies and Contractors



- Centralized purchasing may slow down missions.
- Consolidation may benefit large primes, not small firms.
- GSA infrastructure may not be ready for the full shift.
- This isn't just a policy change—it's an operational overhaul. If GSA can't scale quickly, delays and confusion could undermine intended efficiencies.

The Future of GSA MAS Refresh 26

GSA Refresh 26 Implications



- At the time of the option, MAS Contractors will not be eligible to exercise the option if the minimum sales requirement isn't met.
- GSA is automating their compliance to review regulatory compliance and delivery.
 - Understand when and how you need to switch to the new FCP Catalog System & Submit a baseline modification.
 - Review your scorecards.
 - Deletion of SIN(s) including SBSA SIN(s).
- Understand there will be future changes to SINs with low market demand. Submit your feedback to GSA.





- Check your SIP File and understand when and how to transfer to FCP.
- Review SINs, what additional products and services can you offer?
- Sign Mass Mods and file sales reports on time.
- Offer Feedback to GSA on consolidation efforts or SIN(s)-They are listening to the industry.
- Understand the MFC/BOA and give feedback to GSA.

Deregulation Feedback

GSA, OMB launch deregulation recommendations initiative

Make your voice heard on Regulations.gov

When providing a submission focus on explaining:

- The rule's original purpose and context
- Reasons why the rule should be rescinded (canceled), such as:
- Conflicts with law or Constitution
- Costs outweighing benefits
- The rule is no longer relevant
- The rule unexpectedly creates problems for businesses



Deregulation suggestions

If you have ideas for cutting existing rules or regulations, we want to hear from you. A red asterisk (*) indicates a required field.

Which agency/agencies promulgated the regulation? *

128 characters allowed

Which titls, parts, and/or sections of the Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) should be rescinded?⁺ Please include the relevant CFR section(s) and the Federal Register clattor for the final rule. If you are proposing a repeat of a particular rulemaking, it should note the relevant portions of the C.F.R. that are implicated.

What is your name?

Only answer I you would like the rescission to be named after you or your organization. Providing your name does not guarantee that it will appear on any final agency action, and we reserve the right to refrain from using names that are inappropriate or offensive.

characters allowed

Is your proposed rescission a notice of proposed rulemaking, final rule, direct final rule, interim final rule, or interpretive rule? • A notice of proposed rulemaking is appropriate where the rescission is likely to be controversial and where the agency has not gy proposed rescinding the rule, (bc) may submit a final rule at later time). A final rule is appropriate where the agency has an edge submit at later table at later table. The rule is appropriate where the agency has not gy proposed rescinding the rule, (bc) may be added in the agency has not yet proposed rescinding the rule. An interim final rule is appropriate where there is good cause for the effective date of the rescission to be immediate and where the agency has not yet proposed rescinding the rule. An interpretive rule asplains a regulation or the meaning of a statute the agency has not yet proposed rescinding the rule. The agency has not yet proposed rescinding the rule. An interpretive rule asplains are regulation or the meaning of a statute the agency has not yet proposed rescinding the rule. An interpretive rule appropriate where the rule appropriate the agency has not yet proposed rescinding the rule. An interpretive rule appropriate where the rule appropriate the agency has not yet proposed rescinding the rule. An interpretive rule appropriate rule explains a regulation or the meaning of a statute the agency appropriate rule the agency appropriate rule to agency appropriate rule rule appropriate rule appropriate rule appropriate rule rule appropriate rule

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O Final Rule	
O Direct Final Rule	
O Interim Final Rule	
O Interpretive Rule	
that is the name of the regulation being rescinded, if applicable? * is could be the name of the part of the C.F.R. or the name of a previous rulemaking.	
lease provide a short summary of the justifications for the rescission. *	
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What can you submit to make an impact?



GSA MAS Price Reductions Clause (GSAR 552.238-81) – Request for Elimination

Original Purpose and Context:

The Price Reductions Clause was designed to ensure that the federal government receives fair and reasonable pricing from contractors, particularly by requiring vendors to track discounts provided to a Most Favored Customer (MFC) and extend those discounts to the GSA.

• Why It Should Be Rescinded:

- The rule is outdated in the context of commercial pricing models and undermines the government's shift to market-driven pricing strategies.
- It conflicts with the goals of the Transactional Data Reporting (TDR) initiative, which already
 provides price transparency through actual sales data.
- The clause creates unreasonable administrative burdens, requiring constant monitoring of pricing across commercial clients and risking unintentional non-compliance.
- For small businesses, especially those with custom pricing or subscription models, this rule can lead to significant legal and accounting costs without any demonstrable benefit to the government.

Trade Agreements Act (TAA) Country of Origin Restrictions – Request for Reassessment



Original Purpose and Context:

 The TAA restricts GSA Schedule purchases to products from designated countries to ensure alignment with U.S. trade policy.

Why It Should Be Rescinded or Modernized:

- The rule conflicts with modern supply chains, especially in technology and publishing, where critical components are manufactured in non-TAA countries like China or India.
- The question of what constitutes "substantial transformation" is broad in scope.
- It limits access to competitively priced and innovative products, undermining the MAS Program's intent to provide the best value to government buyers.
- Small businesses must either forgo contracts or invest heavily in alternative sourcing—costs that are unsustainable without the volume of large primes.
- A revision to allow waivers for low-risk or low-dollar items (like books or standard electronics) would maintain security goals while restoring access and flexibility.



FAR 9.104-1 – General Standards of Responsibility



Original Purpose and Context:

According to FAR 9.104-1, to be determined responsible, a prospective contractor must have adequate financial resources to perform the contract, or the ability to obtain them.

Why It Should Be Rescinded or Modernized:

This clause is the foundation for any contracting officer's responsibility determination. If a contractor is found not to have adequate financial resources, they may be deemed non-responsible and not eligible for award. Balance sheets and profit/loss statements often look weak or negative for companies investing heavily in R&D or software development. These companies are often deliberately reinvesting revenue or capital into growth, which temporarily suppresses margins or creates operational losses.

Suggested Exception Policy for GSA:

 GSA may consider exceptions to traditional financial capability indicators for offerors demonstrating a track record of innovation, prior federal awards under R&D initiatives, or firm commitments from institutional investors or grant-making entities. Such vendors may provide alternative evidence of readiness, including funded R&D history, technical milestones, and SaaS delivery models that carry lower operational risk.

Prepare for the Future

Learn from Google



- The recent strategic agreement between GSA and Google exemplifies the future trajectory of federal procurement. This deal underscores a shift towards centralized, government-wide purchasing strategies that leverage collective bargaining power to achieve significant cost savings and operational efficiencies.
- By treating the federal government as a single customer, the agreement simplifies procurement processes, reduces redundancy, and ensures standardized terms across agencies. This approach aligns with GSA's broader efforts to consolidate procurement and eliminate waste.
- The deal reflects a broader policy shift encouraging the adoption of commercially available products and services, aiming to integrate private sector innovations into government operations while reducing unnecessary custom developments.
- Talk to your partners, talk to your primes, talk to your competitors, now is the time to work together. Help your customer solve the problem now.



What can you do to be successful with GSA?



- Update your MAS Contract to add SIN's.
- Is your pricing ready to submit a proposal?
- Utilize partnerships and CTA's
- As of now, GSA has not publicly released a specific deadline or completion date for when it will finish reviewing all acquisition vehicles to determine which will continue, consolidate, or sunset. However, there is clear evidence that a strategic review and rationalization process is underway, driven by both internal policy and government-wide acquisition reform efforts.

Next Steps & Resources

Next Steps & Resources



- We provide market analysis, BD strategy, pipeline management, opportunity qualification, and other capture support.
- Utilize OST to help you build your teams.
- Think about problems you can solve for GSA or any of your customers to help improve their processes.
- Update your MAS Contract and be prepared.



Let's Partner in Winning Business





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